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## 学习资料

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**Exam** : **C2090-616**

**Title** : DB2 11.1 Fundamentals for  
LUW

**Version** : DEMO

1.You are asked to provide a recommendation for the appropriate DB2 edition for a new application. The application is characterized by long, complex queries that select a subset of columns and often perform grouping and aggregation. The initial database size is estimated at 5 TB, with growth of about 100 GB per year. Keep data size on disk to a minimum is a priority?

Which of the following editions would be best meet the described needs?

- A. DB2 Express-C
- B. DB2 Enterprise Server Edition
- C. DB2 Workgroup Server Edition
- D. DB2 Advanced Enterprise Server Edition

**Answer: D**

Explanation:<https://www.ibm.com/developerworks/data/library/techarticle/dm-1304whatsnewdb2105/index.html>

2.Which of the following editions of DB2 include support for Federation with Oracle database?

- A. DB2 Express-C
- B. DB2 Developer Edition
- C. DB2 Enterprise Server Edition
- D. DB2 Workgroup Server Edition

**Answer: B**

Explanation:<https://www.ibm.com/developerworks/data/library/techarticle/dm-1311db2compare/index.htm>

3.Which three facilities are used to control authorization in DB2?

- A. privileges, db2ssh, LBAC credentials
- B. privileges, authority levels, certificates
- C. db2ssh, trusted contexts, authority levels
- D. privileges, authority levels, LBAC credentials

**Answer: D**

Explanation:[https://www.ibm.com/support/knowledgecenter/zh/SSEPGG\\_9.5.0/com.ibm.db2.luw.admin.sec.doc/doc/c0006307.html](https://www.ibm.com/support/knowledgecenter/zh/SSEPGG_9.5.0/com.ibm.db2.luw.admin.sec.doc/doc/c0006307.html)

4.Which database object can be locked explicitly?

- A. Row
- B. View
- C. Index
- D. Table

**Answer: D**

Explanation:[https://www.ibm.com/support/knowledgecenter/hr/SSEPGG\\_9.7.0/com.ibm.db2.luw.admin.perf.doc/doc/c0005270.html](https://www.ibm.com/support/knowledgecenter/hr/SSEPGG_9.7.0/com.ibm.db2.luw.admin.perf.doc/doc/c0005270.html)

5.What happens when you run the following statement if MYUSER holds no privileges on table MYTABLE?

```
REVOKE SELECT ON TABLE mytable FROM USER myuser
```

- A. An error is returned

- B. An entry is mane in SYSCAT.TABAUTH
- C. The REVOKE statement succeeds with no effect
- D. All privileges are granted to user MYUSER on MYTABLE

**Answer: C**