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Exam : **SOA-C01**

Title : **AWS Certified SysOps
Administrator - Associate**

Version : **DEMO**

1. A SysOps Administrator must find a way to set up alerts when Amazon EC2 service limits are close to being reached.

How can the Administrator achieve this requirement?

- A. Use Amazon Inspector and Amazon CloudWatch Events.
- B. Use AWS Trusted Advisor and Amazon CloudWatch Events.
- C. Use the Personal Health Dashboard and CloudWatch Events.
- D. Use AWS CloudTrail and CloudWatch Events.

Answer: C

2. A SysOps administrator created an AWS service catalog portfolio and shared the portfolio with a second AWS account in the company. The second account is controlled by a different administrator.

Which action will the administrator of the second account be able to perform?

- A. Add a product from the imported portfolio to a local portfolio.
- B. Add new product to the imported portfolio.
- C. Change the launch role for the products contained in the imported portfolio.
- D. Remove Products from the imported portfolio.

Answer: A

3. After launching a new Amazon EC2 instance from a Microsoft Windows 2012 Amazon Machine Image (AMI), the SysOps Administrator is unable to connect to the instance using Remote Desktop Protocol (RDP). The instance is also unreachable. As part of troubleshooting, the Administrator deploys a second instance from a different AMI using the same configuration and is able to connect to the instance.

What should be the next logical step in troubleshooting the first instance?

- A. Use AWS Trusted Advisor to gather operating system log files for analysis.
- B. Use VPC Flow Logs to gather operating system log files for analysis.
- C. Use EC2Rescue to gather operating system log files for analysis.
- D. Use Amazon metrics using Amazon CloudWatch Logs.

Answer: C

Explanation:

Reference

<https://aws.amazon.com/premiumsupport/knowledge-center/troubleshoot-remote-desktop-connection-ec2-windows/>

4. An application team has asked a sysops administrator to provision an additional environment for an application in four additional regions. The application is running on more than 100 instances in us-east-1, using fully baked AMIs. An AWS CloudFormation template has been created to deploy resources in us-east-1.

What must the sysops administrator do to provision the application quickly?

- A. Copy the AMI to each region using aws ec2 copy-image Update the CloudFormation mapping include mappings for the copy AMIs.
- B. Creating a snapshot of the running instance and copy the snapshot to the other regions. Create an AMI from the snapshots. Update the CloudFormation template for each region to use the new AMI.
- C. Run the existing CloudFormation template in each additional region based on the success of the template used currently in us-east-1.

D. Update the CloudFormation template to include the additional regions in the auto scaling group.
Update the existing stack in us-east-1.

Answer: A

5.A company has an application database on Amazon RDS that runs a resource-intensive reporting job
This is causing other applications using the database to run slowly
What should the SysOps Administrator do to resolve this issue*?

- A. Create Amazon RDS backups
- B. Create Amazon RDS read replicas to run the report
- C. Enable Multi-AZ mode on Amazon RDS
- D. Use Amazon RDS automatic host replacement

Answer: B